



Step-by-Step Guide for using LSMW to Update Customer Master Records

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Business Case:

As a part of re-organization and to better serve the customer needs, you are re-grouping many of the customers. In SAP terms, you are changing the Sales Office, Sales Group and Customer Groups for specific Customer Master Records. Typically, you would maintain customer records with transaction XD02 to update 'Sales View'. You would enter Customer Key (Customer No, Sales Organization, Distribution Channel, and Division) and update relevant fields on Sales View screen.

This document contains Step-by-step instructions to use LSMW to update Customer Master Records. It has two demonstration examples - one using Batch Recording and another using standard SAP Object.

Note! The screenprints in this article are from IDES Release 4.6. They may differ slightly in other versions.

Demo Example 1

LSMW to Update Customer Master Records with Transaction Recording

Call Legacy System Migration Workbench by entering transaction code LSMW. Every conversion task is grouped together as Project / Subproject / Object structure. Create a **Project** called **LSMW_DEMO** and a **Subproject** as **CUSTOMERS** and Object as **CUST_REC** as shown in **Figure 1**.

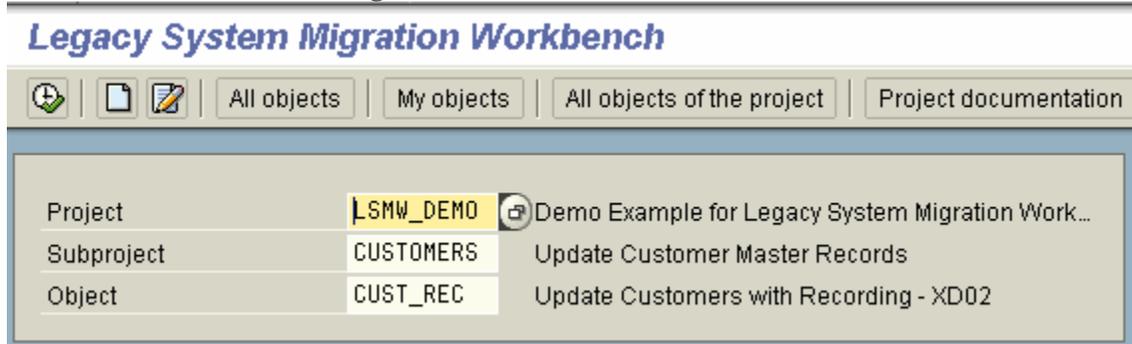


Figure 1 Conversion Task with Project, Subproject and Object

The main screen of LSMW provides wizard-like step-by-step tasks, as shown in **Figure 2**. To complete your data conversion, you need to execute these steps in sequence. Once a step is executed, the cursor is automatically positioned to the next step.

Note that these steps may look different depending upon your **Personal menu** settings. You could make step numbers visible by 'Numbers on' icon or hidden by 'Numbers off' icon. You can execute a step by double-clicking on the row. Toggle icon 'Doubleclick=Display' or 'Doubleclick=Edit', makes the step in 'display' mode or 'change' mode.

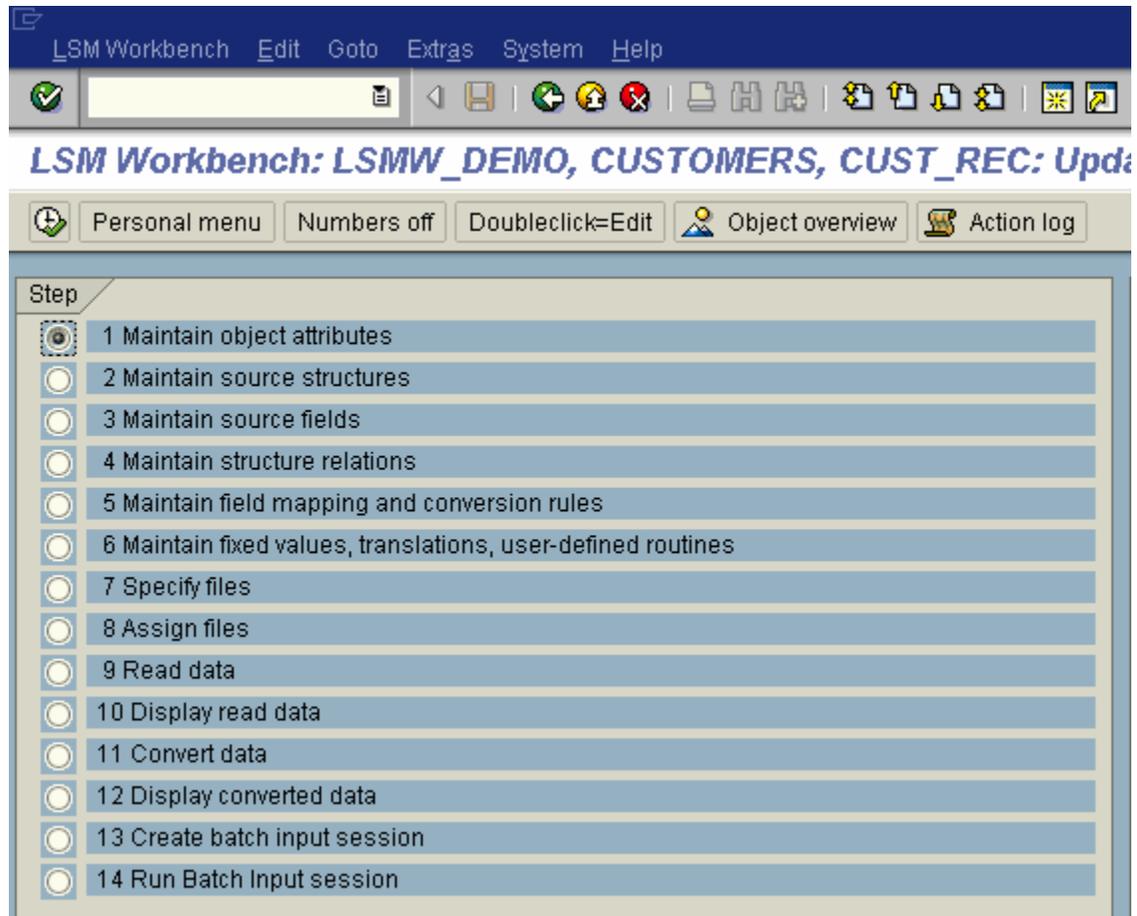


Figure 2 LSMW Wizard – initial screen

Step 1: Maintain Object attributes

In this example, you will be updating the customer master records with the help of recording a transaction (XD02). Choose radio button **Batch Input Recording** and click on the recording overview icon to record the R/3 transaction. Enter the **Recording** name as XD02_REC, the description as **Customer Master Updates Recording**, and the transaction code as XD02.

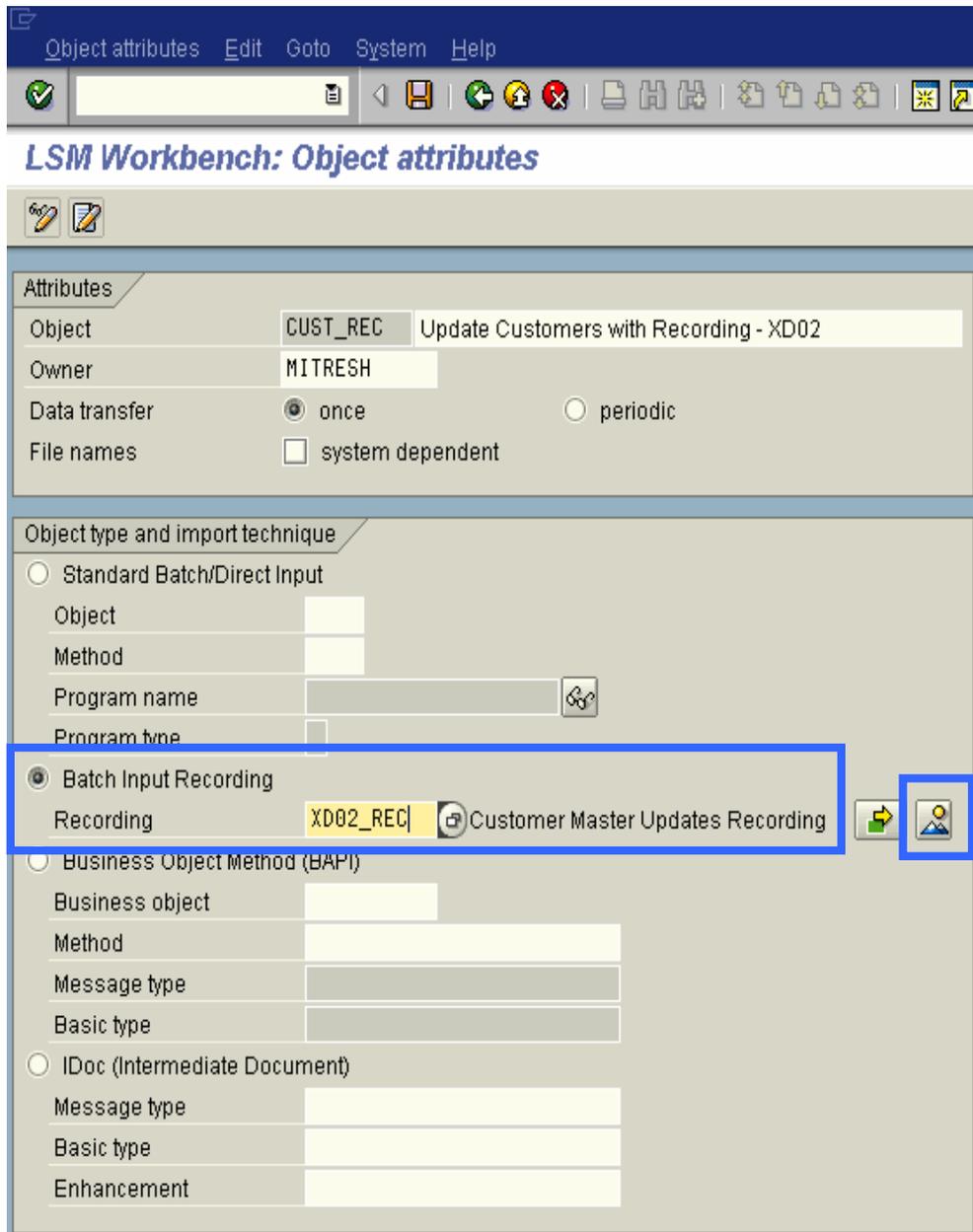


Figure 3 Object type ‘Transaction Recording’

The system calls the transaction code XD02 and prompts you to complete the **Change Customer** transaction, as shown in Figure 4. Enter the key customer information (I entered customer number 1000, sales organization 1000, distribution channel 01, and division 00) and choose ‘Sales’ view within ‘Sales area data’. Make changes to these three fields (I entered, sales office 1010, sales group 110, and customer group 01) and save the transaction.

Step-by-Step guide for using LSMW

Change Customer: Initial Screen

Customer: 1000
Company code:
Sales organization: 1000
Distribution channel: 10
Division: 00

General data

- Address
- Control data
- Marketing
- Payment transactions
- Tax categories
- Unloading points
- Foreign trade
- Contact persons
- Use central address management

Company code data

- Accounting info
- Payment transactions
- Correspondence
- Insurance
- Withholding tax

Sales area data

- Sales
- Shipping
- Billing
- Output
- Partner functions

Figure 4 Transaction recording for Transaction Code 'XD02'

Once the transaction is completed, R/3 records the flow of screens and fields and saves the information, as shown in **Figure 5**.

Create recording

Default Default all Reset Screen field Screen field Repeat recording Maintain

Recording XD02_REC Customer Master Updates Rec

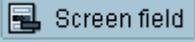
- XD02 Change Customer (Centrally)
 - SAPMF02D 0101
 - BDC_CURSOR
 - BDC_OKCODE
 - RF02D-KUNNR 1000
 - RF02D-VKORG 1000
 - RF02D-VTWEG 10
 - RF02D-SPART 00
 - RF02D-D0310 X
 - SAPMF02D 0310
 - BDC_CURSOR
 - BDC_OKCODE
 - KNVV-VKBUF
 - KNVV-VKGRP
 - KNVV-KDGRP

Default Values

Field Names

Figure 5 Transaction recording overview

Note that the fields are populated with default values. The values you entered when you recorded the transaction are set by default.

Note that if you have more fields in the recording than needed, you can remove them by clicking 'Remove Screen field' icon. 

Observe that the transaction-recording process stores field names in a technical format. By pressing the F1 key on individual screen fields and then pressing the F9 key, the system displays technical names. You then can replace the technical names with descriptive names. Double-click on the field **RF02D-KUNNR** and enter the name as **KUNNR** and the description as **Customer Account Number** and remove the default value. (See **Figure 6**.)

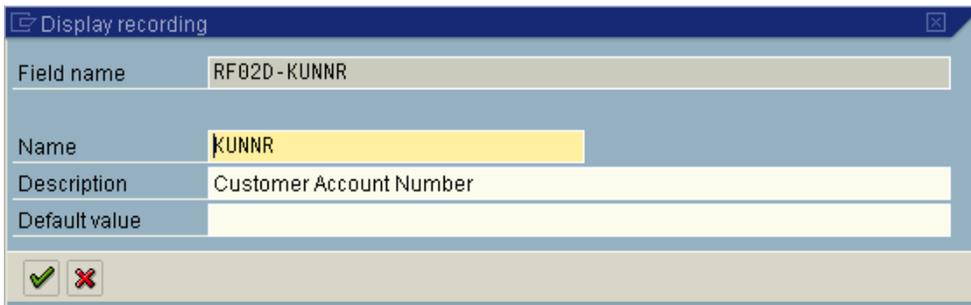


Figure 6 Field attributes

Similarly, double-click on all other fields with default values and make appropriate changes. Once you have made changes, the recording overview screen looks like what you see in **Figure 7**.

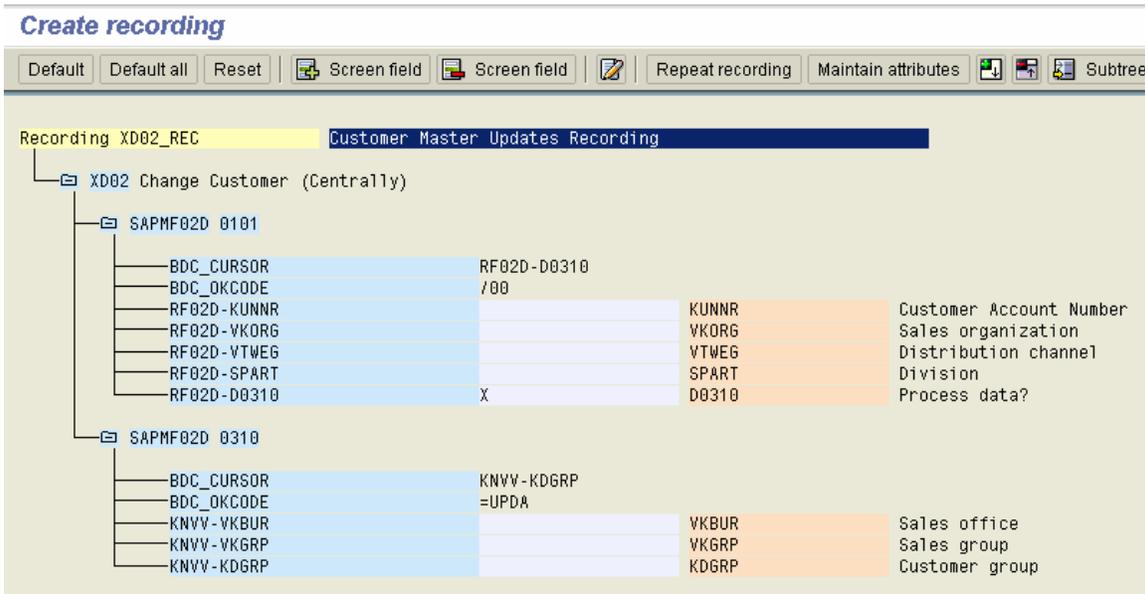


Figure 7 Transaction Recording Overview – with screen field attributes

Save your changes. When you go back to the initial screen, you will see that the initial screen steps have changed. Since you want to import data via the BDC method, the **Direct Input** and **IDoc**-related steps are hidden, as they are not relevant.

Step 2. Maintain Source Structures

Give a name and a description to the source structure (**Figure 8**).

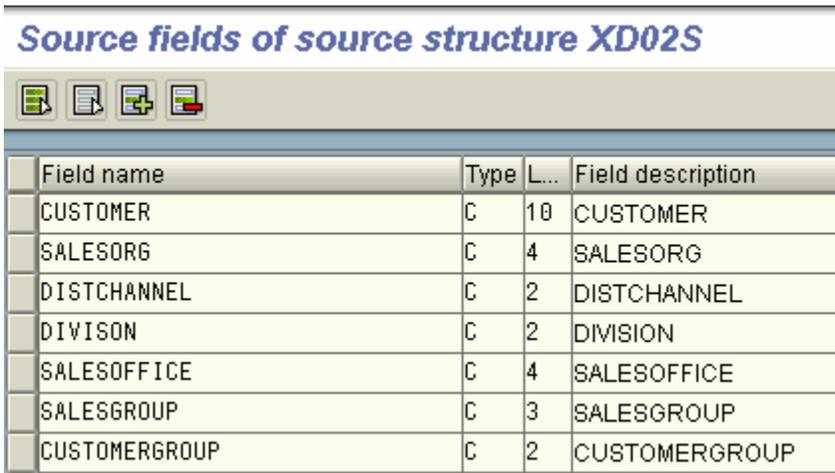


The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Create source structure". It has two input fields: "Source structure" with the value "XD02S" and "Description" with the value "Source Structure for XD02". At the bottom left, there are two icons: a checkmark and a cross.

Figure 8 Source Structure

Step 3. Maintain Source Fields

In this step, you need to list what fields are present in the source structure. The easiest way is to click on 'Table Maintenance' icon to enter Fieldname, Type and Length for each field  as shown in **Figure 9**.



The screenshot shows a table titled "Source fields of source structure XD02S". The table has four columns: "Field name", "Type", "L...", and "Field description". The rows are as follows:

Field name	Type	L...	Field description
CUSTOMER	C	10	CUSTOMER
SALESORG	C	4	SALESORG
DISTCHANNEL	C	2	DISTCHANNEL
DIVISON	C	2	DIVISION
SALESOFFICE	C	4	SALESOFFICE
SALESGROUP	C	3	SALESGROUP
CUSTOMERGROUP	C	2	CUSTOMERGROUP

Figure 9 Source fields of source Structure

Note that your input file will have four fields as key fields and you need to update three fields in the system.

Step 4: Maintain Structure Relations

Execute a step to 'Maintain Structure Relations'. (See **Figure 10**.) Since, there is only one Source and Target Structure, the relationship is defaulted automatically.

Step-by-Step guide for using LSMW

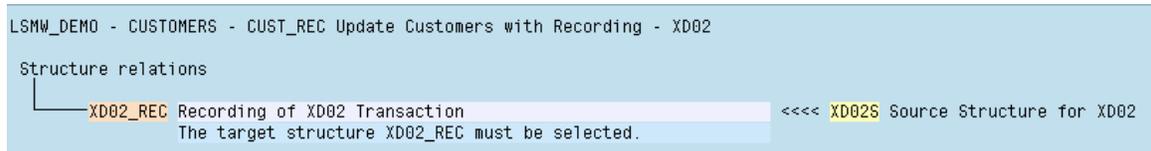


Figure 10 Structure Relation

Step 5: Maintain field mapping and conversion rules

Field **RF02D-D0310** represents that you chose ‘Sales view’ for the customer Master screen accordingly its value should be set to **X**. Keep your cursor on field RF02D-D0310 and click on **Constant** rule icon to choose the constant value of ‘**X**’.

If your source file already has the field value, you choose rule ‘Source Field’.

Keep cursor on field ‘KUNNR’ and click on ‘Assign Source field’ icon to choose source field CUSTOMER from structure X002S as shown in **Figure 11**.

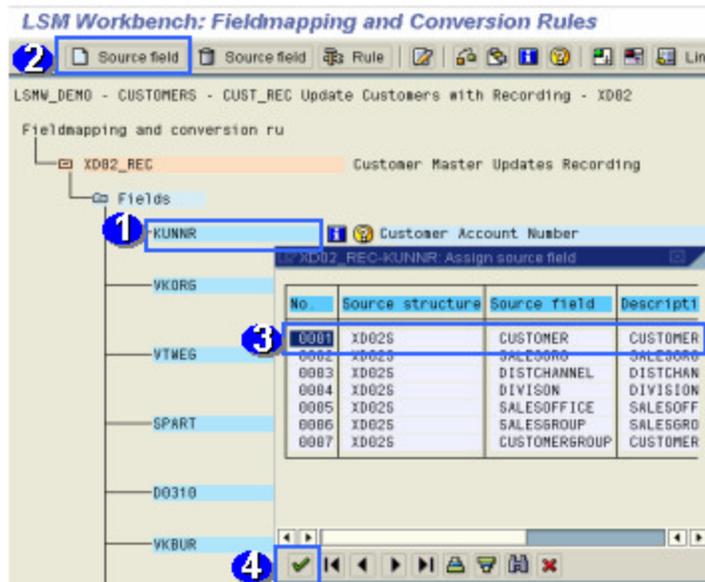


Figure 11 Assign source fields

Similarly, assign ‘Source Field’ rules to the remaining fields.

Once all the fields are mapped, you should have an overview screen as shown in **Figure 12**.

Step-by-Step guide for using LSMW

The screenshot shows the LSM Workbench interface for fieldmapping and conversion rules. The main window title is "LSM Workbench: Fieldmapping and Conversion Rules". The project name is "LSMW_DEMO - CUSTOMERS - CUST_REC Update Customers with Recording - X02". The current task is "X02_REC Customer Master Updates Recording". The "Fields" section is expanded, showing a list of fields and their corresponding source, rule, and coding information. The fields listed are: KUNNR, VKORG, VTWEG, SPART, D0310, VKBUR, VKGRP, and KDGRP. The "D0310" field is highlighted with a blue box, and its rule is set to "Constant" with the coding "XD02_REC-D0310 = 'X'".

Field	Source	Rule	Coding
KUNNR	XD02S-CUSTOMER (CUSTOMER)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-KUNNR = XD02S-CUSTOMER.
VKORG	XD02S-SALESORG (SALESORG)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-VKORG = XD02S-SALESORG.
VTWEG	XD02S-DISTCHANNEL (DISTCHANNEL)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-VTWEG = XD02S-DISTCHANNEL.
SPART	XD02S-DIVISON (DIVISION)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-SPART = XD02S-DIVISON.
D0310	Process data?	Constant	XD02_REC-D0310 = 'X'.
VKBUR	XD02S-SALESOFFICE (SALESOFFICE)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-VKBUR = XD02S-SALESOFFICE.
VKGRP	XD02S-SALESGROUP (SALESGROUP)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-VKGRP = XD02S-SALESGROUP.
KDGRP	XD02S-CUSTOMERGROUP (CUSTOMERGROUP)	Transfer (MOVE)	XD02_REC-KDGRP = XD02S-CUSTOMERGROUP.

Step 6: Maintain fixed values, translations, user-defined routines

You can also maintain re-usable translations and user-defined routines, which can be used across conversion tasks. In this case, that step is not required.

Step 7: Specify files

In this step, we define how the layout of the input file is. The input file is a [Tab] delimited with the first row as field names. It is present on my PC (local drive) as C:\XD02.txt. (See **Figure 13**.)

Step-by-Step guide for using LSMW

Files

Legacy data On the PC (frontend)

File on frontend: Edit properties

File C:\XD02.txt

Description Customer Updates Text file

File contents

Data for one source structure (table)

Data for several source structures (seq. file)

Delimiter

Tabulator

No delimiter

Semicolon

Comma

Blank (character)

Other

File structure

Field names at the beginning of the file

Order of fields as in source structure definition

File type

Record end indicator (text file)

Fixed record length

Hexadecimal length field (4 B.) at the beginning

Code page

ASCII

IBM DOS

Figure 13 File attributes

Create an Excel file (**Figure 14**) with your data and save it as a Tab-delimited text file on your local drive (C:\) and name it XD02.txt.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	Customer	SalesOrg	DistChnl	Division	SalesOff	SalesGrp	CustGrp
2		1000	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
3		1007	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
4		1008	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
5		1010	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
6		1020	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
7		1025	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
8		1026	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
9		1030	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
10		1040	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	
11		1051	1000	10 00	1010	110 01	

Figure 14 Source data in Excel file (saved as Tab delimited file)

Step 8: Assign files

Execute step 'Assign Files' (**Figure 15**) and the system automatically defaults the filename to the source structure.



Figure 15 Assign file to Source Structure

Step 9: Read data

In this step, LSMW reads the data (**Figure 16**) from the source file (from your PC's local drive). You have the option to read only selected rows and convert data values to Internal format.

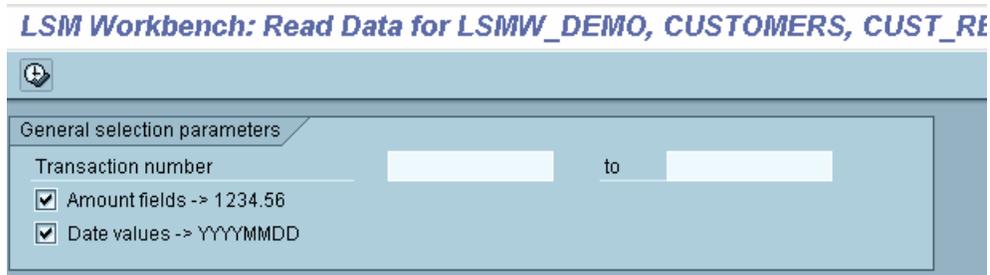


Figure 16 Read Data

Step 10: Display read data

This step (**Figure 17**) is optional. If required, you can review the field contents for the rows of data read.

File name LSMW_DEMO_CUSTOMERS_CUST_REC.lsmw.read		
Structure XD02S		
Field name	Field text	Field value
CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER	1000
SALESORG	SALESORG	1000
DISTCHANNEL	DISTCHANNEL	10
DIVISION	DIVISION	00
SALESOFFICE	SALESOFFICE	1010
SALESGROUP	SALESGROUP	110
CUSTOMERGROUP	CUSTOMERGROUP	01

Figure 17 Display Read Data

Step 11: Convert data

This is the step that actually converts the source data (in source format) to a target format. Based on the conversion rules defined, source fields are mapped to target fields.

Step 12: Display Converted data

Again this is an optional step to view how the source data is converted to internal SAP format (**Figure 18**).

File name LSMW_DEMO_CUSTOMERS_CUST_REC.lsmw.conv		
Structure XD02_REC		
Field name	Field text	Field value
TABNAME	Table name	XD02_REC
TCODE	Transaction code	XD02
RF02D-KUNNR	Customer Number	1000
RF02D-VKORG	Sales Organization	1000
RF02D-VTWEK	Distribution Channel	10
RF02D-SPART	Division	00
RF02D-D0310	SalesView	X
KNVV-VKBUR	Sales Office	1010
KNVV-VKGRP	Sales Group	110
KNVV-KDGRP	Customer Group	01

Figure 18 Display Converted Data

Step 13: Create batch input session

Once the source data is converted in an internal format, you can create a batch session to process updates (**Figure 19**).

LSM Workbench: Create Batch Input Session



File name (with path)

transactions per BI session

Name of the BI session(s)

User id

Keep Batch input session(s)?

Figure 19 Create Batch Input Session

Step 14: Run Batch Input Session

You can execute the BDC session by **Run Batch input session**. Executing a batch input session is a standard SM35 transaction for managing BDC sessions. Once you have successfully executed the batch input session, the customer master records are updated in the system. You can confirm this by viewing the customer master records (XD03).

Note! Browsing thru these 14 steps, you may get a feeling that this is a very lengthy and time-consuming activity. However, for the purposes of demonstration, I have made it detailed. Although it looks lengthy, actually it takes hardly few hours from start-to-finish! After playing around with few simple LSMW scripts, you will find it so easy to change and create more complex ones.

Demo Example 2 LSMW to Update Customer Master Records with Standard Object

As an alternative to using ‘Transaction Recording’, you could also use a standard SAP object to update Customer Master Records. Business Object ‘0050’ is already pre-defined in the system with standard Batch Input Interface Program ‘RFBIDE00’.

Create an Object **CUST_OBJ** within **Project** as **LSMW_DEMO** and **Subproject** as **CUSTOMERS** as shown in **Figure 20**.

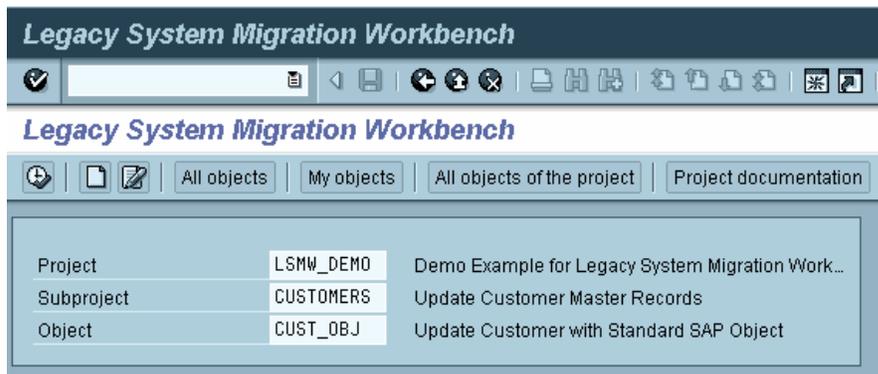


Figure 20 LSMW Object with Standard SAP Object

Note! For the Demo example 2, I will list only those steps that are different from the first demo example.

Step 1: Maintain Object attributes

You will be updating the customer master records with the help of Standard Batch Input; therefore, choose radio-button **Standard Batch/Direct Input** as shown in **Figure 21**. Enter Object ‘0050’ for Customer Master records and default method ‘0000’ and click on Save.

Figure 21 Standard Batch/Direct Input Object Attributes

Step 4: Maintain Structure Relations

Sales view of Customer Master is stored in table KNVV. Accordingly, you need to update structure BKNVV. However, in addition, the Standard Object '0050' also requires updates to BGR00, BKN00 and BKNA1 structures. (If you do not maintain Structure relations for mandatory entries, you might get a message such as 'Target structure BKNA1 needs a relation to a source structure'.)

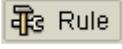
Even though you don't want to update any fields in these structures, you need to create a relationship with source structures. In all, you need to create relationship for four target structures.

Create relationship between source structures XD02S with these target structures with icon 'Create Relationship' .

Keep Cursor on these four target structures and click on icon 'Create Relation' and structure relations are maintained as shown in **Figure 22**.

Figure 22 Structure Relation

Step 5: Maintain field mapping and conversion rules

-- Keep your cursor on 'TCODE' field and click on 'Insert Rule' icon 

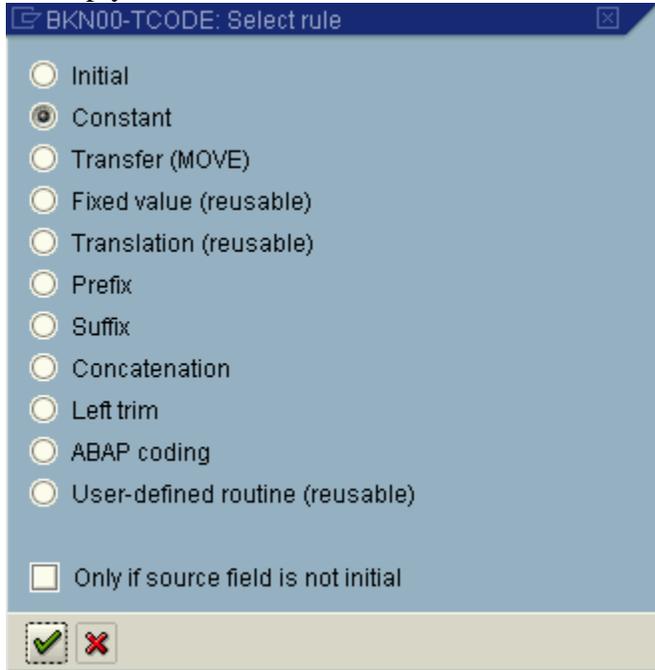


Figure 23 LSMW Conversion Rules

Choose radio button 'Constant' (**Figure 23**) to enter value 'XD02' transaction code.

-- Keep your cursor on field 'KUNNR' and click on 'Assign source field' icon 

Choose source field 'Customer' from source structure 'XD02S'. (See **Figure 24**.)

Step-by-Step guide for using LSMW

No.	Source structure	Source field	Descripti
0001	XD02S	CUSTOMER	CUSTOMER
0002	XD02S	SALESORG	SALESORG
0003	XD02S	DISTCHANNEL	DISTCHAN
0004	XD02S	DIVISON	DIVISION
0005	XD02S	SALESOFFICE	SALESOFF
0006	XD02S	SALESGROUP	SALES GRO
0007	XD02S	CUSTOMERGROUP	CUSTOMER

Figure 24 Assign Source fields

-- Similarly, choose source fields for Sales Organization, Distribution Channel, and Division. (See Figure 25.)

LSM Workbench: Fieldmapping and Conversion Rules

LSMW_DEMO - CUSTOMERS - CUST_OBJ Update Customer with Standard SAP Object

- BGR00 Batch Input Structure for Session Data
 - Fields
 - BKN00 Customer Master Record Transaction Data for Batch Input
 - Fields
 - TCODE Transaction code
 - Rule : Constant
 - Coding: BKN00-TCODE = 'XD02'.
 - KUNNR Customer number
 - Source: XD02S-CUSTOMER (CUSTOMER)
 - Rule : Transfer (MOVE)
 - Coding: BKN00-KUNNR = XD02S-CUSTOMER.
 - BUKRS Company Code
 - VKORG Sales organization
 - Source: XD02S-SALESORG (SALESORG)
 - Rule : Transfer (MOVE)
 - Coding: BKN00-VKORG = XD02S-SALESORG.
 - VTWEG Distribution channel
 - Source: XD02S-DISTCHANNEL (DISTCHANNEL)
 - Rule : Transfer (MOVE)
 - Coding: BKN00-VTWEG = XD02S-DISTCHANNEL.
 - SPART Division
 - Source: XD02S-DIVISON (DIVISION)
 - Rule : Transfer (MOVE)
 - Coding: BKN00-SPART = XD02S-DIVISON.
 - KTOKD Customer Account Group
 - KKBER Credit control area

Figure 25 Field Mapping and Conversion Rules

Step-by-Step guide for using LSMW

-- Scroll down to structure BKNVV fields and assign source fields to three fields Sales Office, Sales Group, and Customer Group (**Figure 26**).

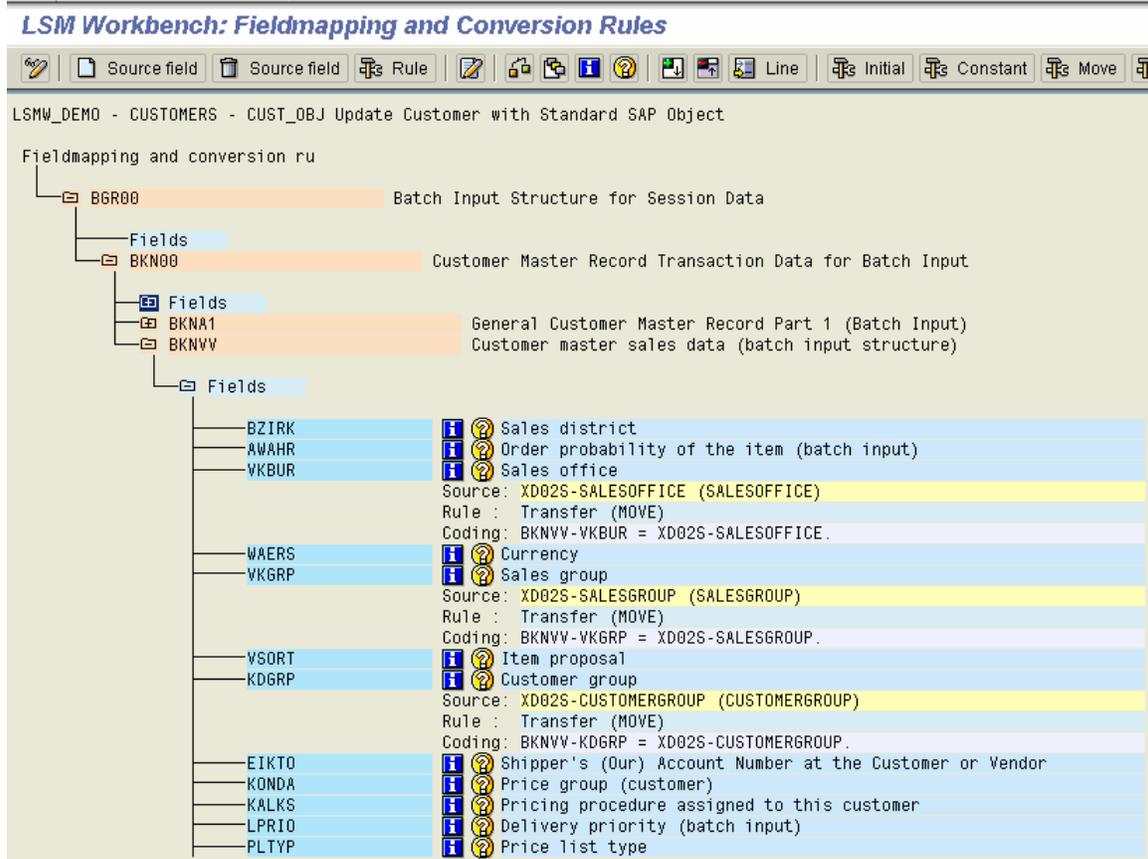


Figure 26 Field Mapping and Conversion Rules

Save and go back to main screen.

Step 12: Display Converted data

When you convert data, LSMW automatically converts into the appropriate structure layouts, as required by Standard program (RFBIDE00). (See **Figure 27**).

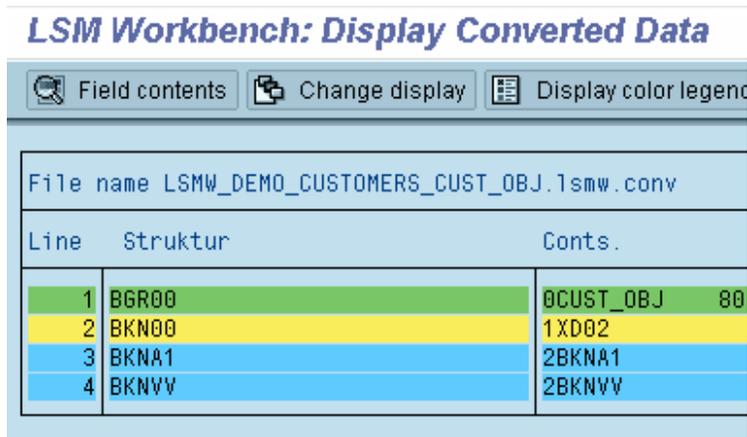


Figure 27 Converted data into multiple structures

Note that if you had only one record in source file, the converted file has four records.

Earlier, creating this input file, so that the standard interface program can read it, was a big nightmare, the primary reason being that it could have multiple record layouts. Even for a simple conversion with one input record, you would have to create this complex file with many record layouts. The advantage of LSMW is that it prepares these multi-layout files automatically.

Step 13: Create batch input session

Once source data is converted in internal format, you can create a BDC session to process the updates (**Figures 28 and 29**).

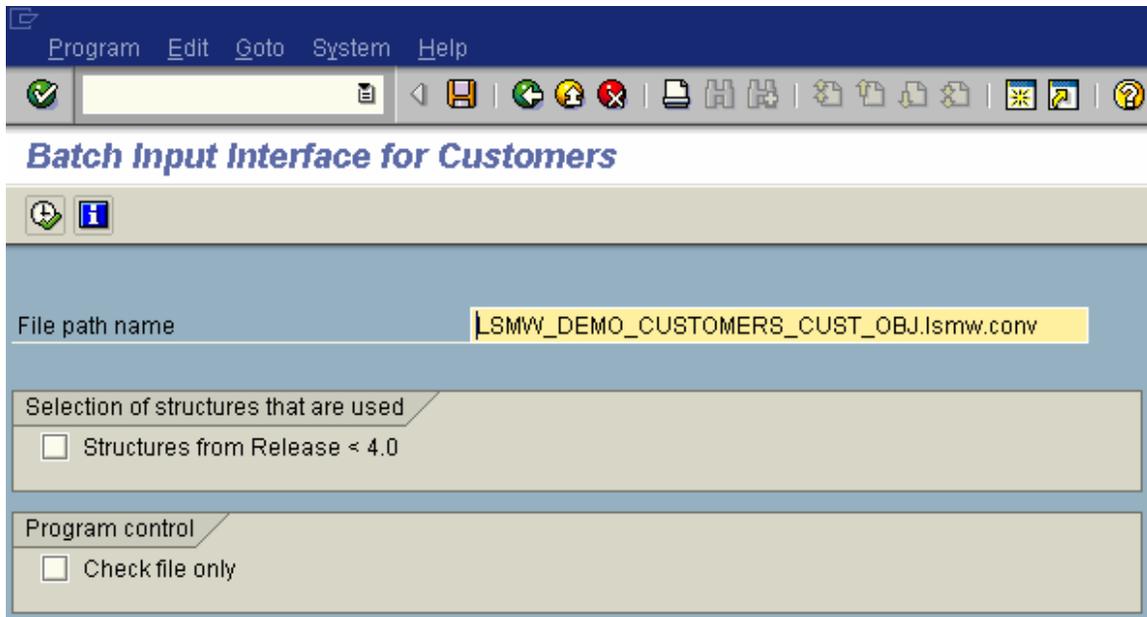


Figure 28 Create BDC Session

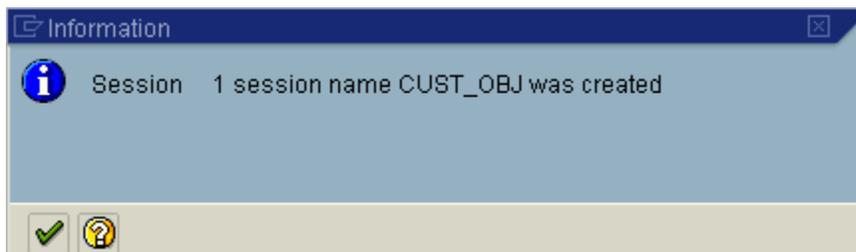


Figure 29 BDC Session 'CUST_OBJ' created

Summary

Once BDC session is processed successfully, SAP updates the customer master records with relevant changes. Review these specific customers (transaction code XD03) and confirm that the changes are correctly reflected in the master records.

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